THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

Vol. 29. SATURDAY, MAY 6, 1815. No. 38.

PRINTED BY
JOHN SCULL.
Corner of Market and Front Streets,
PITTSBURGH.

TERMS OF PUBLICATION.

The Pittsburgh Gazette is published every Saturday Morning, at Three Dollars per annum, payable half yearly in advance.

If the subscriber does not order a discontinuance of his paper at the end of the year, it will be considered as a new engagement.

Advertisements, not exceeding a square are inserted at One Dollar for the first three insertions, and Twenty-five Cents for every continuance—those of a greater length in proportion.

Persons sending Advertisements will please to mark the number of times they wish them inserted.

HANDBILLS, CARDS, BLANKS,
and Printing in general, executed with neatness and dispatch.

FERREE'S POWDER.

JAMES CROSSAN,

WOOD STREET,

BETWEEN Second and Third Streets, next door to James Morrison's, have on hands, and intend constantly keeping a supply of Ferree's Rifle Powder, which they will sell wholesale and retail on easy terms. Country Merchants can be supplied with this article, at the shortest notice.

Pittsburgh, May 25, 1814.

DR. BAINBRIDGE,

WISHES TO INFORM THE PUBLIC

THAT his Laboratory is in operation for the Manufacture of NITROUS ACID, (Aquafortis) where it may be had of a superior quality Wholesale and Retail at his Medical Shop in the Diamond. Those at a distance who favor him with their commands accompanied with Cash, may rest assured that they will be promptly attended to.

Pittsburgh Sept. 20th. tfq

TOBACCO MANUFACTORY

THE subscriber, (recently from Philadelphia) has established a TOBACCO MANUFACTORY in this town, on Front str't two doors from the Post Office; where he offers wholesale, Virginia twist and Kentucky TOBACCO, SNUFF & SEGARS, of good quality, and on better terms than can be purchased in Philadelphia or Baltimore.

REES JONES.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 1. *tfq*

NEW HAT MANUFACTORY.

Hugh Moore & Co.

RESPECTFULLY inform their friends and the public in general, that they have removed their HAT STORE, to Third street, in front of the Hay Scales, between Market and Wood streets, where they offer for Sale, a large and elegant assortment of Beaver, Castor, & Roram HATS. Having procured excellent workmen and the best materials, they flatter themselves to serve those that will favor them with their custom, to their entire satisfaction.

Orders will be received at the Warehouse of Morton and M'Nickle, and promptly attended to.

Wanted immediately, two or three Apprentices to the Hatting business. Apply to *Hugh Moore & Co. Pittsburgh.*

Pittsburgh, April 29, 1814. tf

THE Pittsburgh Point BREWERY,

Is in operation, and conducted on

SHIRAS'S NEW SYSTEM OF

MALTING & BREWING.

IT is with pleasure the subscriber informs the Citizens of Pittsburgh, that notwithstanding the advanced prices of grain and labour, he is enabled to *reduce* the prices of Liquors, upwards of TWENTY FIVE *per cent.* Orders received at the Brewery will be executed promptly as usual. BARLEY purchased.

For James O'Hara.

GEO: SHIRAS.

Nov. 1, 1814. tfq

House and Lot, FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber will sell the HOUSE and LOT on which he at present resides, situate on Second street, between Wood and Market streets. The house is large and roomy; and its central situation makes it a desirable one for a boarding house or large family. He will give a generous credit, and possession the 1st of April next; and if not disposed of at that time, will be Let for 1 year. For particulars inquire of

TH: CROMWELL.

April 1814 tfq

TIN PLATE.

THE SUBSCRIBER,

OFFERS for SALE a few Boxes of TIN PLATE.

Also—an assortment of TIN, COPPER, AND SHEET IRON works.

JOHN TOWN.

Pittsburgh, February 17, 1815.

Saddlers Ironmongery,

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBER,

Consisting of the following Articles—

FULL and half plated Stirrup Irons assorted
Do. do. Ladies Slippers do.
Do. do. Bitts and Bradoons do.
Do. do. Bradoons do.
Do. do. Pelham and Curb Bitts
Do. do. Double & Single Curb Chains
Plated Heads and Cantles
Plated and Princes Metal Spurs.
Do. Saddle Rings
Do. Stirrup Slides
Tinned Mens' and Women's Stirrup Irons.
Do. Curb and Snaffle Bridle Bitts
Saddlers Knives and Hammers
Brass Nails and Tinned Tacks assorted
Flat Set Buckles, from 3-4 to 1 1-4 inch do.
Heads and Throats
Saddle Trees, (plated) assorted
Worsted and Cotton Girth-webbing do.
Straining Webb assorted
Saddle Cloth do.
Seal Skins
Leather Stocks and Cockades
Double Shot Pouches and Powder Flasks
A large and complete assortment of Cut Tacks from 2 1-2 to 14 oz.
Corks by the bale

The subscriber intends keeping a constant supply of the above Articles, and will sell them low, either wholesale or retail, for Cash Country Linen, or on a short Credit, at his Store in Market Street, between Front and Second Streets.

HENRY BAILEY.

Pittsburgh, December 26, 1814. tf

Broad Cloths & Sattinets

FOR SALE BY

GEORGE COCHRAN,

AT his Woollen Manufactory, corner of Diamond Alley and Liberty Street, by the piece or yard, as cheap as they can be had in New-York, Philadelphia or Baltimore.

Also, a few Stocking Nette, Worsted Woollen and Cotton Half Hose.

G. C. respectfully solicits the patronage of the public to encourage his Manufactory, and assures those who may wish to purchase, that his Cloth is not inferior according to quality, either in colour and durability, to that imported from Great-Britain.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 9, 1815.

FOR SALE,

OR RENT ON PERPETUAL LEASE,

SIXTEEN LOTS OF GROUND.

SITUATE on the Allegheny river, in the Borough of Pittsburgh——Also, THREE LOTS, on Fourth street and Redoubt alley.—A plan of the Lots may be seen on application to the subscriber.

THOMAS WALLACE.

Pittsburgh, March 17, 1815.

VERNON & PARK,

SILVER SMITHS & WATCH MAKERS,

Have removed to the

DIAMOND.

Pittsburgh, April 7, 1815. 3wq

GREENSBURGH & PITTSBURGH

TURNPIKE ROAD COMPANY

THE President, Managers and Co. have directed the 4th, 5th, 6th Instalments of 10 per cent each on the Capital Stock of the Company, to be paid to the Treasurer in manner following, viz:—The 4th on or before the 6th of May; the 5th on or before the 6th of July; and the 6th on or before the 5th of August; of which the Stockholders will please to take notice.

WM. FREIDT, Treasurer.

1st April, 1815. 6m

Instalments, if paid within 60 days of the times appointed respectively, will be received as heretofore by Messrs. Luckey, Stewart and Morrow. W. F.

FOR SALE,

Part of Lot No. 51,

SITUATE on the South side of the Monongahela river, opposite Pittsburgh, being 51 feet in front, and extending back a considerable distance up the Coal Hill. It adjoins the Glass Works of Trevor & Encell, and as the Lot runs into the Monongahela renders it more valuable. On the Lot is erected a FRAME HOUSE 21 by 19 feet, together with a back building, and an excellent Spring within 20 feet of the dwelling house.

For further particulars and terms apply to Mr. John Darragh, Pittsburgh; or the subscriber on the premises.

MARGARET CALHOON.

March 17, 1815. tfcJC

ATTEND AND SAVE COSTS.

THE BOOKS AND ACCOMPTS,

OF Zachariah A. Tannehill, of the Borough of Pittsburgh, deceased, are placed in my hands for collection. I am authorised by the executors to issue against all those (indiscrimmately) who may have unsettled accompts with said estate, in 30 days after this date.

ROBERT GRAHAM.

Pittsburgh, April 12, 1815.

N. B. A number of Watches left for repairs are still in the hands of the executors The owners will please call immediately with the subscriber, or they will be sold for their bill of repairs.

FOR SALE.

AT THIS OFFICE,

BLANK SUMMONSES,

For Justices of the Peace, handsomely Printed on good paper.

Messrs. Bosler & Co.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED

From Lee's Patent and Family Medicine Store, New York,

A FRESH SUPPLY,

OF THE FOLLOWING GENUINE

MEDICINES.

A sovereign remedy for Colds, obstinate Coughs, Asthmas, sore throats, and approaching Consumptions, and most disorders of the Breast and Lungs.

The celebrity acquired by this medicine through the U. States, for speedily removing coughs, colds, hoarseness, &c. exceeds all former examples. The following recommendation, selected from a very numerous list, will fully confirm what has been said of its unparalleled excellence.

"*To* H. LEE.

"Being desirous to make public, for the good of others, the excellent quality of HAMILTON'S ELIXIR, prepared by the late Mr. Lee, I have sent you the following account of the benefit I have received from it, which I hope will induce others to give it a trial. In consequence of a bruise on the breast, received from a fall, my health grew bad, my breath being difficult, and frequently I have had suddenly to rise up in my bed, with all the horrors of immediate suffocation. Add to these, constant pain in my breast, a cough, a great loss of flesh and strength, and you may conceive that my symptoms evidently indicated an approaching consumption. The advice of a most eminent physician was resorted to, and afterwards a second was called in, but without giving me any relief. Another physician who knew me, and the circumstances of my case, advised me to give "*Hamilton's Elixir*" a trial, saying he had used it in his practice, and always found it to do much good. A bottle was procured, and I found relief before I had taken half of it. I continued to use it, and was soon strong enough to attend to business. On taking cold, some of my former symptoms returned, but are always removed by a dose or two of the Elixir.

"George Brener, Jr.

"*No.* 21, *Budd street, Philadelphia.*"

HAMILTON'S ELIXIR,

Will prove a valuable acquisition to public speakers, who may be subject to temporary hoarseness and thickness of speech. In long confirmed Asthmatic complaints where a cure can scarcely be expected, *this medicine affords immediate relief*, moderating the fits of coughing, and rendering their recurrence less frequent. On children afflicted with the hooping cough, the like beneficial effects may confidently be expected.

HAMILTON'S

WORM LOZENGES.

This medicine bears no analogy whatever to others of similar title, so commonly complained of as operating with violence; on the contrary, a particular excellence of this remedy is its being suited to every age and constitution. It contains nothing but what is perfectly innocent, and is so mild in its operation that it cannot injure the tenderest infant of a week old, should no worms exist in the body; but will without pain or griping cleanse the stomach and bowels, of whatever is foul or offensive, and thereby prevent the production of worms, and many fatal disorders.

HAMILTON'S

GRAND RESTORATIVE,

Is recommended as an invaluable medicine, for the speedy relief and permanent cure of

Nervous Disorders
Consumptions
Lowness of spirits
Loss of appetite
Impurity of blood
Hysterical affections
Inward weaknesses
Violent cramps in the stomach and back.
Indigestion
Melancholy
Gout in the stomach
Pains in the limbs
Relaxations, &c.

HAMILTON'S

GENUINE ESSENCE & EXTRACT OF MUSTARD,

A safe and effectual remedy for acute and chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Rheumatic Gout, Palsy, Lumbago, Numbness, White swelling, Chilblains, Bruises and Sprains, and pain in the Face and Neck.

This valuable remedy is prepared both in a fluid state and in pills, and thus excellently adapted for external and internal use.

ITCH CURED,

BY ONCE USING,

LEE'S SOVEREIGN OINTMENT.

The proprietor informs those persons and families who are suffering under this disease (against the infection of which no person is safe) that if this ointment is used at night on going to bed, it never fails to perform a cure by the following morning, as thousands who have used it during the last 10 years can testify. The peculiar excellencies of this infallible remedy for the ITCH, over every other, are the certainty of a cure by a single application; the ingredients being so innocent as to be applied with perfect safety to the tenderest infant, and its being not only free from any offensive smell, but equally agreeable with the most pleasant pomatum.

HAHN'S

TRUE AND GENUINE GERMAN

CORN PLAISTER,

An infallible remedy for Corns, speedily removing them root and branch, without giving pain.

THE RESTORATIVE POWDER,

FOR THE TEETH AND GUMS.

HAHN'S

GENUINE EYE WATER,

A sovereign remedy for all diseases of the Eyes.

HAHN'S

ANTI BILIOUS PILLS,

Celebrated for the mildness of their operation, for being the best known remedy for cleansing the stomach & bowels.

TOOTH ACHE DROPS,

The only remedy yet discovered which gives immediate and lasting relief in the most severe instances.

INFALLIBLE

AGUE AND FEVER DROPS,

For the cure of Agues, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers.

A multitude of attested cures performed by the above medicines, may be seen at the place of sale.

Purchasers are requested to remember that an engraved label with the signature of Hannah Lee, widow of the late Richard Lee, Jr. is affixed to each of the genuine medicines.

Sold, Wholesale & Retail,

BY BOSLER & Co.

Front Street, between Market and Wood Streets,

PITTSBURGH.

☞ Druggists and Country Storekeepers, will be treated with on liberal terms.

April 22, 1815. tfqcB&Co.

Valuable Property AT AUCTION.

On the 27th day of June next, at 10 *o'clock in the forenoon, at the Auction Store, corner of Front and Market Streets, will be Sold the following valuable Property, to wit:*

No. 1. ONE Lot on Grant's Hill, in the Borough of Pittsburgh, marked in the plan of lots laid out by John Hoge, No. 33, being 30 feet in front on High street, and 145 feet in depth.

2. One lot adjoining the above of the same dimensions, being No. 34.

3. One lot 15 feet in front on High street, and 145 feet in depth, being one half of lot No. 45. in said plan.

4. One lot 45 feet in front and 145 feet in depth, being lot No. 46 and one half of lot No. 45, in said plan on which is erected a frame dwelling house subject to a yearly ground rent of 28 & 1-8th dolls.

5. One lot 22 feet front and 145 deep, being parts of lots Nos. 49 and 50.

6. One lot adjoining the above 20 feet front and 55 feet in depth, on which is erected a substantial and well finished two story dwelling house 20 feet by 30, nearly new, with a 2 story kitchen, &c. with the privilege of a 6 feet alley running into Coal street.

7 A lot 40 feet in front and 50 feet in depth to the aforesaid 6 feet alley with the use thereof, with a good dwelling house similar to the above.

8. A lot with the buildings thereon erected formerly occupied by the subscriber as a Tilt Hammer and Smith shop, with the contents thereof, as they now stand, the lots being 84 feet front on Coal street, and 149 feet in depth with the privilege of said 6 feet alley.

2 One lot at the corner of High and Coal streets, being 89 feet on High, and 56 feet on Coal street, with the privilege of the alley.

A plan of the Lots may be seen, and the terms of Sale made known by application to Magnus M. Murray, Esq. or to

DENNIS S. SCULLY, *Auct'r.*

WILLIAM HILL,

HAS removed from his former stand to the S. E. corner of Market and Fourth Streets, where he is now opening a large and general assortment of

NEW GOODS,

suitable to the present and approaching season, which will be sold, wholesale and retail, on moderate terms, for cash or negotiable paper.

ALSO,

150 pieces cotton plaids,

which will be sold by the piece or case at the Philadelphia prices, with the addition of carriage only.

April 12, 1815. 8tq

N. B. All persons indebted to William Hill prior to the 1st of Jan. last, are requested to make immediate payment. It is hoped this notice will be attended to.

Doctor Handy's,

WORM DESTROYING

LOZENGES,

A safe and efficacious Medicine for destroying and bringing away

WORMS.

MAY be used with safety by children of any age, or as common physic by the most delicate constitution, in any climate, without restraint of diet, or the smallest danger from cold. It may be given with advantage after the small-pox or measles; or as a family medicine, in any case where physic is necessary. The most frequent seat of worms in the human body, is the intestinal tube; but occasionally they have been found in almost every other part of the body.

Some very extraordinary cases of *Worms*, of an unusual form and appearance, being brought away by these Lozenges, have been made public in England, where the rapid sale of the medicine exceeded any thing of the kind ever known before; and has also proved, to a demonstration, its approved superiority, as an athelminthick, to the numerous puffed-up, useless nostrums, which are daily advertised in the newspapers.

A single dose of this *valuable Medicine* has often been known to remove half a pot-full of the Teres or Round Worms.

A few doses are generally sufficient to remove the Ascarides, a small white worm, the seat of which is either the stomach or rectum.

Even the *Tape Worm*, at all times the most difficult to destroy, may, by persevering in the frequent use of this medicine, be totally removed in the course of a few weeks.

To select cases, with the names of people who are not known here, and living at a great distance, would be useless, and take up too much of the reader's time. We shall therefore only observe, for the benefit of those who are unacquainted with the symptoms of worms, that they are known or suspected to exist by a pain in the stomach, attended with a sudden depression of spirits before eating; at other times, the belly is hard, painful and distended with wind—costiveness head-ache, and trembling of the limbs, with a sense of something rising in the throat—pale complexion and emaciated body, with weakness and irregular appetite—convulsive, epileptic, or falling fits—pains in the back and side, and frequent itching of the nose, and sometimes of the anus. The above, and a long train of afflicting diseases may all be occasioned by worms, which are much oftener the cause of death than is commonly believed.

The above valuable Medicine is sold only by

J. P. & J. W. SKELTON,

at their wholesale and retail Drug Store; at the corner of Wood and Third Streets, Pittsburgh.

December 13, 1813

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of *Jacob Keefer*, late of Ross township, deceased, are required to make immediate payment to the subscriber; and those having demands against said estate are requested to present them properly attested for settlement.

JOHN WAY, *Adm'r.*

April 20, 1815.

D. A. NORTHROP,

MERCHANT TAYLOR,

Corner of Market and Water Streets,

Has just received a large and elegant assortment of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERS, VESTING, &c.

WHICH he offers for sale as low as can be purchased in the place. He also continues to carry on the TAYLORING BUSINESS in all its various branches, where GARMENTS of every description will be made on the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms. He flatters himself from his knowledge of the business and the strict attention to it, to give generals satisfaction.

For the accommodation of gentlemen who are travelling and others, he keeps ready made CLOTHING, suitable for the present and approaching season, of all descriptions; which he will sell on moderate terms.

Pittsburgh, April 8, 1815—tfq

TO MILLERS.

WANTED immediately, to take charge of the Mills at Harmony, TWO steady MILLERS. None but persons perfectly acquainted with the milling business, and of good character, will be accepted. Apply to

WM. B. FOSTER, Pittsburgh.

March 28, 1815.

REMOVAL.

J. BYRNE.

UMBRELLA, PARASOL, and POCKET BOOK MANUFACTURER, has removed from Wood to *Market Street, between Water and Front Streets*, where he will thankfully attend to all orders with which he may be favored, with punctuality and promptitude. Umbrellas and Parasols made and repaired at the shortest notice and in the neatest manner, and the smallest favor gratefully received.

For Sale, Cutlery, Perfumery, Stationary, Jewelry, Patent Medicines, and a number of other staple and fancy articles.

Pittsburgh, April 20, 1815.

From the Lancaster Journal.

"PUT THE SADDLE ON THE RIGHT HORSE."

"Then put it on the Collector—Assessor—or Tax-gatherer," and whip and cut and spur him lustily.

No, sir, this would not be right—None of those ought to be rode *too hard*. Save them a little, and saddle the stout and restive animal that has given us so much trouble.

On! then! Let the saddle be put on *Congress*. *He* "is the right horse."

Not so fast, my friend—let us proceed softly—and we shall find that *Congress*, though a very cross and restive animal, is not so much to blame as his master, who was told long ago, *over and over again*, that he might have a *better* horse at much less cost. Let the saddle be put on his maater.

"But who is his master, except it be the *people?* and how can *the people* saddle the *people* and ride the *people?*"

Ah! there's the rub—you have nearly ruined my allegory, which was lame enough before! But I'll try to hobble out.

There was a sailor once, who knew nothing about a horse; but having an inclination to ride, he goes to a livery stable, hires a poney and springs on him with much agility. After riding about 6 miles he alighted at an Inn and refreshed himself with a glass of cool grog. He was preparing to mount again, when just at that instant, the horse being stung in the belly by some blood-sucking fly, raised one of his hind legs to drive him off, in doing which, the foot fastened in the stirrup. The sailor who had seen nothing of the kind before, was instantly astounded, and casting the bridle indignantly from him, exclaimed in the manner and style of a true Jack Tar, "*by J——s, Mr. Horse, if you've a mind to be on—I'll be off.*"

"Well, and how do you mean to apply *that* Mr Blackberry?"

Why, neighbour, suppose JAMES MADISON to represent the *sailor*, and the *horse* the PEOPLE. Now wouldn't it be a lucky thing if *Jamey Madison* should think as honest Jack did—that the *horse* was going to mount? that *the people* were going to get up and it was time for him to be *off*, and give up riding.

"But, Mr. Blackberry, are not the people *saddled* and *bridled* already?—Have they not packsaddles with heavy burthens on? If so: your *allegory*, I think, turns out to be a *solecism.*"

Then I desert it; but I still say that the bridle and packsaddle, and the heavy load in the bargain were put on by the *people*. The horse has been blind and is *chust* foundered. He is recovering from blindness, but still suffers under the other malady. He never can be sound again without the aid of skillful physicians.—So, neighbor, let us quit the subject, and you'll oblige me by singing the song which says:

"Hard, hard, the landlord racks us,
"And we've got a load of taxes."

"Excuse, me if you please, Mr. Blackberry. Whenever I sing *that* song it gives me the *heart burn*, so good night."

A pleasant rest to you and better times, says,

BILLEY BLACKBERRY.

From the Connecticut Courant.

THE VERDICT OF EXPERIENCE UPON JEFFERSONIAN POLICY.

We now behold the results of Jefferson's system of policy. We call it Jefferson's, from beginning to end; because it originated with him, and because his successor was the chief among his disciples—was early imbued with his visionary notions, and adhered to them with constancy, and with invincible obstinacy to the last. The state of the times afforded wonderful opportunities and facilities for the trial of that system, in every shape, and in all its bearings; and it has been thoroughly tried, for the full term of 14 years, and until little chance is left for any further experiments. The results are before the eyes of the people—let them judge for themselves.

While Mr. Jefferson stood as a candidate for the high office of president of the U. States, several wise and experienced statesmen, who were personally acquainted with him, opposed his pretensions, not so much on other accounts, as on the ground of his being a *visionist*. They apprehended that his administration would be wild and chimerical, and of course pernicious to the public interests, even supposing his views and motives were never so honest pure. They augured from the visionary cast of his mind, that he would leave the beaten track of sound sense and long experience, and would weaken, disgrace and distract the nation, with wild and futile projects and experiments—the legitimate offspring of his mind, and of the political theory that he was known to embrace.

What, with them, was at that time mere boding fear, is now become matter of history. Nay, the event has greatly surpassed even their fears. They saw what filled them with deep apprehension: but they saw only in part. The pit-falls into which that absurd policy has plunged the nation, are more in number and far more horrible in their nature, than any had expected or even dreamed of.

Fortunate will it be, if the direful results of past errors and follies might impress on the present American public, and on the coming generations, lessons of true wisdom! Fortunate will it be, if these United States forever hereafter, shun the baneful policy, that had so nearly brought them to utter ruin! We do hope the age of political delusion is passing away; and that Mr. Jefferson, tho' stricken with years, may yet live to see his system of policy exploded, and treated with scorn by all parties. Beyond this no sorrow or punishment do we wish him—not even that *a hair of his head should be touched.*

From the New York Evening Post.

TAXES.

It would be unworthy of Federalists, and only an attempt to play off the same round of dishonorable and disgusting deception, which they so warmly condemn in their political adversaries, if they should pretend that government could be supported without taxes. They never have been guilty of this mean artifice and they never will be. We tell the people plainly, that if they will have a free government, they must pay for it; there is no blessing without its price. But there is this important difference between us. While we tell you that taxes are necessary to defray the expences incident to a due administration of your public affairs, and it is the duty of every citizen cheerfully to contribute his proportion to his means, the democrats, with Mr. Jefferson at their head, tell you that government ought never "*to take from the mouth of labor the bread it has earned*," and that "*a wise and frugal government*" will never do so. You believed this pleasing story, and you withdrew your confidence from WASHINGTON and his followers, which you gave to Thomas Jefferson, have continued to James Madison, and are going on, unless awakened by the fatal truth which now forces itself upon you, to transfer it to James Monroe. You have now given a fair trial to the two different systems; and let me appeal to your own dear bought experience for the result. I mean not to go into the subject at large, but I confine myself at this time to a single topic.

Under a federal administration, it will not be denied, you enjoyed both national and individual prosperity. You supported the government, and you were able to do so, under the steady operation of mild laws and mild taxes, yearly diminishing your debts, and furnishing a fair prospect of soon discharging it. But you were not satisfied; you longed for a change; and democracy promised if you would only commit the government into her hands, she would administer it gratis; it was to go like Redheffer's machine, by a self-moving power, a perpetual motion You have tried it, and thus far, it must be confessed, they have made it perform wonders. Years have passed away, and the people have hardly been sensible of taxes; they only paid an *additional price for every necessary of life*, and they did not mind that. For every morsel of salt, and every grain of pepper, and every pound of sugar, and every spoonfull of molasses, and every quarter of tea, &c. they have paid something extraordinary to government; but it was such an imperceptible tax, they did not see it, and therefore did not regard it. At length, however, the evil day comes; it can be put off no longer. The storm approaches; the lightening begins to flash, and the thunder to roar. The combustible matter that has been so long gathering, is ready to burst over our heads.

The "Northern Whig," gives the following concise picture of our present condition:

"The war for "*Free Trade and Sailor's Rights*," in which the cunning of Bonaparte and folly of Madison, involved this nation in the ever to be remembered year of 1812, is ended; but not paid for. The war feasts and war dances are over; but the bill yet remains unsettled. For a 3 year's war, in which not a single point contended for has been obtained, we have *an hundred year's of taxation*. We have burthened ourselves for life, and our posterity to the third and fourth generation. We now have our collectors and assessors, with their deputies, constantly around us. Turn which way we will, and we are met by some puppet of the administration, with a commission to pick our pockets. We can eat nothing, we can drink nothing, we can wear nothing, and we can use nothing, without paying an exorbitant tax upon it.

Agreeably to the act of Congress entitled "an act to provide additional revenues for defraying the expences of government and maintaining the public credit, by laying duties, on various goods, wares and merchandize, manufactured within the U. S." passed Jan. 18, 1815; any of the hereinafter enumerated articles for sale, is required to give bond and pay the duty as specified in this act, and to perform other duties, under penalties therein prescribed, viz:

On pig iron, per ton, $1.
On castings of iron, per ton, $1 50.
On bar iron, per ton, $1.
On rolled or slit iron, per ton, $1
On nails, brads, and sprigs, other than those usually denominated wrought, per pound, 1 cent.
On candles of white wax, or in part of white and other wax, per pound, 5 cents
On mould candles of tallow, or of wax other than white, or in part of each, per pound 3 cents.
On hats and caps, in the whole or in part of leather, wool or furs, bonnets, in whole or in part of wool or furs, if above $2 in value, 8 per centum ad valorem:
On hats of chip or wood, covered with silk or other materials, or not covered, if above $2 in value, 8 per centum ad valorem:
On umbrellas and parasols if above the value of 2 dollars, 8 per centum ad valorem:
On paper 3 per centum ad valorem:
On playing and visiting cards, 50 per centum ad valorem.
On saddles and bridles, 6 per centum ad valorem:
On boots and bootees, exceeding five dollars per pair in value, 5 per centum ad valorem:
On beer, ale and porter, 6 per centum ad valorem:
On tobacco, manufactured segars and snuff, 20 per centum ad valorem:
On leather, including therein all hides and skins, whether tanned, tawed, dressed or otherwise made, on the original manufacture thereof, 5 per centum ad valorem:

There reader! You have a fine list of taxes indeed! The tax upon the articles of iron alone, in the various ways in which it is taxed, amounts to $24 50 per ton! But these taxes are not all. They are in fact but a small part. There is the land tax—the stamp tax—the tax on distilled spirits—the carriage tax—tax on all gold and silver ware, paste work and jewelry—tax on gold and silver watches—50 per cent. on postage—100 per cent on sales at auction, addition to former duties, &c. Whether we till our land, read by candle light, wear a hat, ride in a carriage, on saddles, walk on foot, drive a nail, drink a glass of beer, or take a game of whist to wear off the dull hours that even our watches that tell us are taxed, we must be taunted and tortured by the thoughts of the collector. No! there is nothing we can do, and nothing that we can see, but what brings to our minds these odious taxes. And while thinking of these taxes, which must of course employ the most of our time, let us not forget to remember *the accursed war which has made these taxes necessary, and the men that made the war.*"—*Nor. Whig.*

Thus do we sum up the amount of debt that has been accumulating upon the nation, *under this reign of democracy*, while the people have been quietly dreaming all's well, viz:

Old debt before the war,	$37,905,183
New debt, liquidated,	49,780,222
Loans,	80,952,800
Treasury notes,	48,500 000
Total,	$217,138,205

That is to say, in round terms, TWO HUNDRED AND SEVENTEEN MILLIONS ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTY EIGHT THOUSAND, TWO HUNDRED & FIVE DOLLARS.

BOSTON, *April* 22.

It appears by several Bermuda articles, that the British on receiving the news of ratified peace, promptly evacuated the Mobile country; and that the troops and vessels had arrived at Havanna, Jamaica, and Bermuda, on their return to England. Major Nicholls and some Indian Kings and Chiefs, had been landed at Appalachicola, in West-Florida. All the British vessels had been recalled from the American coast.

PHILADELPHIA, *April* 24.

Our accounts from Natchez are to the 24th ult. and we are concerned to learn that the troops returning from New-Orleans to their homes, were very sickly, and much mortality prevailed, notwithstanding the attention of their fellow-citizens. On the 22d the Steam Boat Vesuvius arrived at Natchez, with five hundred troops on board, 5 or 6 dying daily.

TO FARMERS.

THE following valuable TRACTS of LAND, situate on Conequenessing and Brush creeks, in North Sewickly township, Beaver county, Penn. are offered for Sale.

No. 190, containing 200 acres. On this Tract there are about 30 acres cleared and the greater part is rich bottom—on the premises are a good framed dwelling house, one story high, with a good garret in which is one large room and a sleeping room—a framed kitchen adjoining of a good size, with a cellar underneath, and a spring house before the door, the water of an excellent quality—the tenant is under obligation to build a barn.

No. 178, containing 132 acres or thereabouts. On this tract about 20 acres are cleared, from which no crop has as yet been raised, the greater part bottom—the land of an excellent quality—to this tract is attached the one-third right in a saw-mill and a small quantity of land adjoining—a house of worship about 80 rods distant.

No. 173, containing 200 acres, is almost entirely bottom land on Brush creek—about 16 acres cleared—this tract is exceedingly rich and fertile, fit for meadow or corn ground.

No 184. The undivided fourth part of 200 acres, near the Iron works of Doctor Basse—the soil good

ALSO—Several Lots in the Town of Stone's-ville.

The three first tracts are situate 9 miles from the town of Beaver, from one-fouth to one mile from the great road from Beaver to Mercer, and about 5 miles from Harmony—there are four grist mills distant from 1 1-2 to 5 miles.

Farmers wishing to purchase *good lands* are invited to view the premises, and for further information to call on the subscriber. The title is indisputable and the terms easy, and to accommodate farmers either tract will be sold separate or the whole together.

JAMES M. RIDDLE, *Land Broker.*
Pittsburgh, May 1, 1815.

A CERTAIN CURE
FOR THE RHEUMATISM.

POLYANDRIA,
OR,
The Essential OIL of the Cajiput Tree.
A MEDICINE,

UNIVERSALLY esteemed among the East Indians, as a safe and certain cure for the Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago, Epilepsey, &c. restoring vigor after laxations and sprains, giving relief in pains of the head and neck, toothache, &c. and since it has been introduced into England (which is of very late date) has been highly recommended, by some of the most eminent physicians in London, as the best and most effectual remedy for the Gout as well as the Rheumatism, by dissolving the *Coagulated Lymph*, of which these diseases are formed. In wounded tendons it is of the greatest use by preventing the juice which oozes out of them from fixing. Bruizes and sprains it infallibly cures, for it keeps the extravasated Lymph and blood perfectly dissolved, and prevents their fixing in the interstices of the vessels, till nature either takes them up by the refluent blood, or expels them through the pores of the skin.

Long contracted sprains are removed by it, and it is of the utmost service for the cramp and numbness, stiffness, or weakness of the joints. It is a most efficacious remedy for burns and scalds, extracting the fire very soon, and if used immediately, will entirely prevent them from blistering. It is excellent for a fresh cut. It is of infinite use for the sting of wasps, &c. bite of rattlesnakes, gnats and other venomous animals and other insects.

The above Valuable Medicine, has been but lately introduced into Europe and America in consequence of the Tree from which it is produced, yielding its essential Oil, but in small quantities, and this chiefly monopolized by the government, owing to the great virtue it was found to possess, in the cure of Rheumatisms, &c. the proprietor has divided the original packages, and put it up in smaller bottles made for the purpose, with directions round each bottle, signed in his own hand writing; and in order to demonstrate its vast importance, has tho't proper to submit for public inspection, the following out of the numerous cures, which by this valuable MEDICINE, has been performed since its general use in this country.

Letter from Mr. JAS. WOODMAN, near Norfolk, to Mr. C. MULLIN.

JULY 23, 1813.

DEAR SIR—My son has been more than 8 years afflicted with a Rheumatic Complaint. The excessive pain he constantly endured, reduced him to a mere skeleton; and from extreme weakness occasioned even the joints of his legs to turn out of their sockets. A very eminent physician at Norwich, whom I consulted, informed me nothing could be done for him, and the faculty in general considered him beyond the reach of medicine. He remained in this desperate situation, till the 19th Oct. last, when I was advised to try your "*Essential Oil of the Cajiput Tree.*" Accordingly by persevering in the use of it, his joints are returned to their proper places, and he is now able to walk 10 miles with the greatest ease. Upwards of fifty respectable persons in this town, have been at my house to see my son, all who knew him, thought it impossible he ever could recover.

I am, dear sir,
Your greatly obliged friend,
JAMES WOODMAN.

Broomsgrove, Jan. 4, 1814.

SIR—I have been violently afflicted with a Rheumatic Complaint; even my fingers were so contracted, that I could neither dress nor undress myself, or give the least assistance to my family.

I have only used one bottle of the *Essential Oil of the Cajiput Tree*, and by it I am perfectly restored.

Yours, &c.
E. HOUGHTON.

December 20, 1813.

SIR—A severe stroke of the palsy, 6 months ago, deprived me of my speech and the use of one side. In this desperate situation, the *Oil of Cajiput Tree*, was strongly recommended, and I thank GOD, as successfully applied. By persevering in its use a short time, I was completely restored and continue to enjoy the perfect use of my faculties, although near 80 years of age.

Yours, &c.
W. FRANCIS.

No. 14, *Arabello Row, Pimlico.*

☞ Mr. FRANCIS has held a public situation at the Guildhall of the City of Westminster, many years, and is well known to the generality of the respectable inhabitants.

Witherslatch, near Kental, January 13, 1813.

SIR—I beg leave to inform you I have been several months past afflicted with such violent pains in my hips, thighs and legs, and swelling of my joints, that I could not rest day or night; nothing that was applied gave me any relief, till a neighbor informed me of the *Oil of the Cajiput Tree*, having performed many surprising cures sent for a bottle to Mr. Mullin, which gave wonderful relief, and by repeating the same 2 or 3 times, I am perfectly cured, and am as well as ever I was in my life.

This I have publicly given under my hand, for the good of all sufferers in like circumstences.

R. WILSON.

The above Valuable MEDICINE is Sold ONLY by
BOSLER AND Co.
FRONT, BETWEEN MARKET & WOOD STREETS,
And ONLY Agents for the Proprietors.
PITTSBURGH.
May 2, 1815.

PITTSBURGH
Manhattan School,
FOR
YOUNG LADIES & GENTLEMEN.

MR. LOOMIS, respectfully returns thanks to his patrons for their liberal patronage since the commencement of his School in this place, and informs them and the public that he continues to teach both sexes Reading, Penmanship analytically, English Grammar, English Composition, Geography, with the use of the Globes and Maps, Drawing of Maps, Book keeping, the Languages, &c.

The system of Education adopted in this School, will be that which is pursued in the celebrated Manhattan School, in the city of New-York, conducted by Mr. A. Picket, as successful founder; and which is acknowledged by men of the first literary reputation to be one of the best conducted Schools, in that city or in the United States. Here, about five hundred children of both sexes, comprising some of the best families in the city, constantly attend and are taught in such a manner as does the greatest honor to the teacher, and results in the happiest consequence to the pupils. It is of the utmost importance to teach children in such a manner that they will understand what they learn, and know how to apply it to the active pursuits of life. To give them words without accustoming them to attach some definite meaning to them, is like blindfolding a man and commanding him to find a certain object; every effort leads him astray and renders him more uncertain of its attainment, so children if their minds are burdened with knowledge without understanding, find themselves uninterested in the pursuit, of course their progress in acquiring it will be but small: they must be brought to love learning if we would expect ever to teach them to good purpose, for the mind always eagerly embraces that which it previously loves.

In this School every requisite attention will be paid to the learning and amiable deportment of the pupils, and no labour will be thought too arduous to form the young mind for future usefulness and respectability in society. The education of youth is difficult and requires unwearied attention and experience, for no man is born a teacher, it is an occupation which requires many years practice to become a proficient in the business. To his many years experience in teaching an extensive School and unwearied diligence, the subscriber looks for public patronage, pledging himself to a conscientious discharge of the duties incumbent on a teacher, he with confidence solicits the patronage of the public.

For terms of Tuition, References, &c. please to apply at the School Room, over Mr THOMAS ALGEO's Store, Market Street

N. B. Young Ladies will be taught *plain* and ornamental Needle Work, in a separate apartment, by Mrs. Loomis.

Morning Tuition will commence on the 1st of May, for Penmanship, from 6 to 8 o'clock, at Six Dollars a quarter, payable in advance.

P. S. On hand and constantly for Sale, ENGLISH QUILLS of the best quality, wholesale and retail.

Pittsburgh, April 28, 1815.

BRICKMAKERS.

1,000,000 Bricks wanted.

THE subscriber wishes to contract with good workmen for making ONE MILLION OF BRICKS, in the town of Wooster, Ohio. The Clay is of the first quality a yard and shed prepared where 200,000 have already been made. Timber is convenient for fuel. A person desirous of contracting for a less quantity will be accommodated as it will be divided into lots of one and two hundred thousand. Apply early to the subscriber or MR. JOS. H. LARWILL, on the premises.

JOHN BEVER.

George-Town, (Penn.) April 22, 1815.

LOTS FOR SALE.
IN THE TOWN OF
WOOSTER.

ON TUESDAY, THE 11th DAY of JULY NEXT, the subscriber, will sell on the premises, at public sale, FORTY LOTS in the town of Wooster, (Ohio.)

Nos. 4, 5 6, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 31, 32, 33, 58, 62, 82, 117, '18, '19, 130, '35, '36, '37, '38, '39, 140, '41, '42, '43, '44, '45, '46, 151, '53, '54, '56, '57, '58, 172, '74 and '79,

Together with a number of Out Lots, convenient to the town, containing from 3 to 5 acres each. A plan may be seen by applying to the subscriber. Terms of sale, a small portion in hand and a liberal credit given for the remainder.

JOSEPH H. LARWILL.

Wooster, April 17, 1815.

NOTICE.

THE partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, is dissolved by mutual consent.

The business will be continued by GEORGE COCHRAN.

JAMES TAYLOR,
JOHN WALKER,
MATHIAS EVANS,
G. COCHRAN, *of Wm.*

April 11, 1815.

FEMALE EDUCATION.

MRS. GRAHAM.

In VIRGIN ALLEY, opposite Mr. HARROW'S Meeting House,

PROPOSES to instruct a few Young Ladies in plain SEWING, SAMPLER and EMBROIDERING. Also, WORKING MAPS to commence on the 25th inst. Terms $3 per quarter. Apply as above.

Pittsburgh, April 20, 1815. 3t*

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

SATURDAY, MAY 6, 1815.

The Indians still continue to infest the settlers on the Wabash. The Vincennes paper of the 8th ult. says, "We have to announce the murder of another of our fellow citizens, by the Indians; on Thursday last James Baird was killed by the Indians while ploughing in the field. It is said that the first squadron against Algiers, would sail from New-York on Sunday last, consisting of the frigates Guerriere, Constellation and Macedonian, the sloops Ontario and Alert, the brig Hunter, and the light vessels Firebrand, Flambeau, Spitfire, Spark, and Torch. Commodore Decatur is to command.

The second squadron, to consist of the Independence of 74 guns, 2 or 3 frigates, the sloop Erie, and several smaller vessels, will soon follow. Com. William Bainbridge, commander.

On a junction of the two squadrons, Com. Decatur will probably return to the United States.

Of our naval force on Lake Ontario, the Lakes and Lady of the Lake only, are to be kept in commission. Capt. Woolsey commands at Sacket's Harbour.

The sailors and soldiers at this place, by the Erie paper of the 25th ult. have had a serious quarrel. On Saturday, Sunday, and Monday they were fighting in the streets. Several on both sides have been badly wounded; one or two dangerously. There was no interference of the civil authority. Probably in this case it had been found ineffectual on a former occasion. Not long since one of the magistrates, in attempting to quell a riot was abused, insulted and afterwards challenged by an officer of the army to fight a duel, assaulted in the street and his house partly demolished.

By a return lately made in conformity to a law passed last year, it appears that the state of New-Jersey contains upwards of 285,000 sheep—3807 of which are full blooded Merinoes—57 woolen factories—17 cotton mills, and 129 carding machines for country work.

New-York Militia.—The adjutant general's return of the inspection reports for 1814, (excepting 2 brigades of artillery and 1 of infantry, not returned) makes the whole military force of the state amount to 86,597 infantry—4,717 artillery—4,462 cavalry—total 95,776—Equipped with muskets 28,237—equipped of artillery 636—Field pieces 63—Sabres 2,699, and pairs of pistols 3,679—Cavalry 1 division, artillery 1, and infantry 8 and 42 brigades, and about 156 regiments.

A General Order has been issued from the Adjutant General's office at Washington notifying officers and others that for the consolidation of the Army would take place about the 1st of May, and that all officers discharged will be entitled to receive 3 months extra pay, and that no private can leave his regiment or company until he is regularly discharged and struck off *in full*. It will be recollected that the peace establishment is only to be 10,000 men.

The "Nashville Whig," of the 18th April, says, "the Tennessee troops have, generally, reached this state. General COFFEE got home last week, and Gen. CARROLL on Monday. The Kentucky troops will be here about the last of the present month.

We are informed that between 2 and 3 days ago, CARROLL's detachment have arrived since the battle of the 8th January, with upwards of 100 of Gen. COFFEE's men."

The celebrated Mrs. Clark.—We have been credibly informed, that on board the ship Francis and Eliza, captured on the 8th of January last, by the privateer Warrior, the quondam mistress of the Duke of York was passenger, with one hundred and twenty-three others, bound to N. W. Wales, as convicts. Mrs. C. was rather meanly clad, and not very becoming in appearance, until having her embraces taken off, she soon emerged from the cloud, adjusted her toilet, and cast upon the admiring view, in all her native lustre. At any rate, she was quite beautiful, as—

——"Archangel fallen."

The crime for which she was transported was swindling. The Francis and Eliza was given up to the prisoners.—*N. Y. Col.*

The Paris papers describe a dwarf who has been for some time in that city, and is only three feet two inches high. He was born in the department of Cavaldos, is 34 years old, and has a wife and children. He is in no way deformed but on the contrary every part of his body is remarkably well proportioned.—Nature seems to have designed him as an exact minature of a well formed man. His education is good, he is remarkably pleasant in company, dances well, and possesses many accomplishments. He has not grown or changed his form since the 20th year of his age. So say the Paris papers.

Mr. Ledyard, a native of Connecticut, has traversed some of the most dreary regions of Russia, in a letter to Dr. Ledyard, of Long-Island, wrote as follows: "You have no idea of the excessive cold in the regions of Siberia. By experiments that I made at Yakutsk, I found on the 19th Nov. the mercury in my thermometer freeze. In December I found by repeated observations, that two ounces of clear quick silver, openly exposed, froze hard in fifteen minutes. I observed that in these severe frosts, the air was condensed, as it is with you in thick fog—the atmosphere is frozen—respiration is fatiguing, &c. It is a happy law of nature, that in such intense cold there is seldom any wind; when there is it is dangerous to be abroad.

"There are no wells at Yakutsk; for it is found by experiment that the water freezes at 60 feet deep. People of these regions are therefore obliged to use ice and snow. They have also ice windows—glass is of no use to the few who have it; the difference in the state of air, within and without is so great, that the glass is covered on the inside with several inches of frost, and in that situation it is less luminous than ice. The timber of the house splits and open with loud cracks; the rivers thunder, and open with broad fissures—all nature groans beneath the rigorous winter."

GEN. JACKSON'S TRIAL.

Extract from the Trial of Major General JACKSON, at New Orleans, for opposing the execution of a writ of *habeas corpus*, issued for the release of a person who had been imprisoned for a breach of Martial Law, proclaimed by the General, while the enemy were threatening that City.

FRIDAY, MARCH 31ST.

"The Court met at 11 o'clock—Gen. Jackson walked into the Court House with admirable composure, and exemplary respect for the high authority which called him thither. He approached the judge with a paper in his hand, having dispensed with the friendly offices of the professional gentlemen who had managed his case before. Judge Hall then informed the Gen. that there were interrogatories to be propounded to him, to which he was desired to respond; the Gen. replied he would not answer them, saying, "sir, my defence in this accusation has been offered, and you have denied its admission, you have refused me an opportunity of explaining my motives, and the necessity for the adoption of the martial law in repelling an invading foe," pointing out at the same moment his objections to that mode of proceeding under which the farcical enquiry was had, to know whether or not the attachment should issue. "I was then with these brave fellows in arms," (alluding to the surrounding crowd) "you were not sir." The judge then went on to read his opinion fitted to cap this climax of ingratitude. The Gen. interrupted him with much apparent deliberation, saying, "sir, state facts and confine yourself to them, since my defence is and has been precluded, let not censure constitute a part of this sought for punishment," to which the judge replied: "It is with delicacy, General, that I speak of your name or character. I consider you the saviour of the country; but for your contempt of civil authority, or to that effect, you will pay a fine of $1000." Here the Gen. interrupted by filing a check for that sum, on the bank and presenting it to the marshal, which was received in discharge. The Gen. then retired, observing on his passage to the door, "it will be my turn next." At the door he was received amidst the acclamations of the populace, with which the streets were filled—a coach awaited him at the door of the court house, into which he was seated, the handles and shafts of which were eagerly seized by the people; in this way he was precipitated through the streets to the French coffee house, thence to the American coffee house, where the General addressed the crowd as follows:

"Fellow citizens and soldiers, behold your General, under whom, but a few days ago, you occupied the tented field, braving all the privations and dangers in repelling and defeating your country's exterior enemies, under the rules and discipline of the camp, so indispensable to the hope of victory; rules which were predicated upon necessity and which met the approbation of every patriot. Behold him now bending under a specious pretext of redressing your country's civil authority, which tho' wrought through prejudice, he scorns to deny or oppose, but cheerfully submits to what is inflicted on him, now that the difficulties under which we groaned are removed, and the discipline of the camp summons you no more to arms. It is the highest duty and pride of all good men to pay the just tribute of respect to the guardian of our civil liberties. Remember this last charge, as in a few days I expect to leave you; it may serve as a lesson to yourselves and posterity."

MARRIED, on Monday evening the 1st inst. by the Rev. Mr. Thomas Hunt, Mr. ISAAC WICKERSHAM, of this place, to the amiable Miss SUSAN STONE, of Guildford, (Con.)——[*Communicated.*

JOHN DAVIS,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public in general, that he has commenced the

Baking Business,

In Second street, between Market and Wood streets, where he intends keeping on hand a constant supply of HARD and SOFT BREAD, CRACKERS, BUTTER BISCUIT, &c. all of which he will sell on moderate terms.

Pittsburgh, April 22, 1815.

FARMERS AND MECHANICS BANK OF PITTSBURGH.

May 1, 1815

THE Board of Directors have this day ordered, that the third instalment on the Capital Stock of said Bank, amounting to Two Dollars and Fifty Cents on each Share, be paid on or before the first day of July next.

G. LUCKEY, *Cashier.*

BANK OF PITTSBURGH,

MAY 1, 1815

THE PRESIDENT & DIRECTORS, OF the BANK OF PITTSBURGH, have this day declared a dividend *of 4 per cent*, which will be paid to Stockholders, or their legal representatives at any time after the 15th inst.

BY ORDER,

ALEX: JOHNSTON, JR. *Cashier.*

AQUILA M. BOLTON,

Has removed his Office for the Sale of

REAL ESTATES,

To FIFTH STREET, opposite John M'Clintock's Inn,

WHERE, and at the Office of the Pittsburgh Steam Engine Company, he offers his services to the Public in the CONVEYANCING LINE. As usual DEEDS, MORTGAGES, AGREEMENTS, LEASES, and all other Writings are drawn by him with legal precision and despatch.

He also arranges mercantile transactions, balances books, & prepares intricate accounts for settlement.

Pittsburgh, May 2, 1815. eow3tq

Allen & Grant,

HAVE REMOVED TO THE WAREHOUSE, WOOD STREET, formerly occupied by *G. & C. Anshutz.*

May 2, 1815. 3w

200 Kegs Kentucky *TOBACCO,*

FOR SALE

BY ALLEN & GRANT.

22 *April*, 1815. tfq

Regimental Orders.

The Battalions of the 34 Regt. 1st brigade, 15th Div. Pa. Militia,

ARE hereby notified to meet at the following places on the days specified by the Brigade Inspector, viz: The 1st Battalion will meet at the town of M'Keesport; and the 2d Battalion will meet at the house of B. POWERS, near the mouth of Pine creek. The parades will commence precisely at 11 o'clock, A. M. Captains of companies are notified to muster their respective corps on the 1st Monday in May next, armed and equipped as the law requires.

JAMES LOGAN, *Colonel.*

April 20, 1815.

FRESH & CHEAP GOODS.

THE Subscribers, respectfully inform their customers and the public generally, that they have just received and are now opening, a fresh and general assortment of scarce and seasonable

MERCHANDIZE,

CONSISTING OF

DRY GOODS, HARDWARE, FASHIONABLE SPLIT STRAW BONNETS, KID, MOROCCO AND LEATHER SHOES, & GROCERIES;

AMONGST WHICH ARE THE FOLLOWING

DRY GOODS. VIZ.

Broad Cloth, Cassimeres and Cassinetts,
Superfine and fine fancy Calicoes assorted,
Cambric, book, leno and fancy Muslins,
American and British Ginghams and American Plaids,
Linen, Cotton and India checks,
Fancy and Marseilles vesting assorted
Fine and superfine black Bombazetts,
Sewing Silk and Twist, Cambric, Thread and Cotton Balls,
Mens' and Womens' silk Hose, and Mens' half Hose,
Do. and do. silk, shammy and leather Gloves,
Silk and fine cotton Shawls assorted,
Cotton lace, ribbands assorted,
Jackson, Decatur and Perry split straw Hats.

HARDWARE.

Buck and bone handle table and desert Knives,
Double and single bladed Pocket & pen Knives,
Butcher, carving and shoe Knives,
Large and small scissors and sheep shears,
Braces and bitts and commode handles,
Large and small Pins, pound Pins and Needles,
Brass and iron Candlesticks and Lamps,
Chest, cupboard, desk and till Locks,
Fine Ketland and common Gun Locks
Double and single bolted Padlocks
Shoe Pincers, polished Awls and boot Webing
Hand and tenant Saws assorted
Pocket Books, bonnet Wire and Curry combs
Mock Turtle, Ivory and Horn combs
Silver Plated and Tutannia Table and Tea spoons
An assortment of Brushes
Table and card table Hinges, large and small
Cast and sheet Iron
Butt hinges and screws assorted
Cutting knives, scythes and socket shovels
Plated, gilt, pearl and bullet buttons assorted
Box coffee mills, steel squares and razors
Fishing hooks, lines, &c.
Pocket inkstands
Nett and patent spring suspenders
A general assortment of Files and Rasps.

GROCERIES.

Young Hyson, Hyson and Souchong Teas
Pepper, alspice, cloves, cinnamon, nutmegs and Mace
Coffee, sugar and chocolate
Shad, Mackarel and Herring
Mustard, Cayenne pepper, snuff and fig blue
Allum, Logwood and Madder
Kenhawa salt, Tanners Oil
FERREL's and Kentucky Powder, &c.

All of which have been purchased since the late *Peace*, and are now offered Wholesale or Retail, as low as any Goods in the Western Country, for Cash or approved Country Produce.

ISAAC HARRIS & Co.

N. W. Corner of the Diamond.

Pittsburgh, April, 15, 1815.

N. B. Those indebted to ISAAC HARRIS, are requested to pay their respective balances, on or before the 15th of May next. After that period, all balances due, will be placed in the hands of proper authorities for collection.

At a Meeting,

Of the Board of Managers of the STEUBENVILLE BRIDGE COMPANY,

ON the 31st March, 1815—*Resolved*, that subscriptions for the stock of said company be opened on the 3d Monday of May next, at the following places, under the direction of the undernamed Commissioners; and remain open for at least one week.

Resolved, that for the instalment of one twentieth part directed by the 2d section of the 2d article to be paid at the time of subscribing, the said commissioners be and they hereby are authorised to receive the notes of the parties respectively, payable on demand, which demand shall not be made until it is ascertained that the sum of $ 100,000 has been actually subscribed on account of the stock of said company. And in failure to obtain subscriptions to that amount, the notes shall be cancelled—viz:

Steubenville—at the Lion tavern; commissioners, I. Jenkinson, Saml. Hunter and Alex: Sutherland.
Cross Roads—at Briceland's tavern; commissioners, J. Briceland and Doct. W. Warnock.
Burgettstown—at Caldwell's tavern; commissioners, David Bruce, Jas. Caldwell and Rt: Bowland.
Noblestown—at Holmes's tavern; commissioners, H. Noble and Geo. Vallandigham.
Pittsburgh—at Morrow's tavern; commissioners, James Ross, H. Baldwin & G. Anshutz.
Greensburgh—at Harbaugh's tavern; commissioners, Gen. W. Jack, Geo: Armstrong and J. B. Alexander.
Somerset—at Webster's tavern; commissioners, Gen: Ogle, Abm: Morrison and John Webster.
Williamsport—at Parkinson's tavern; commissioners, James Mitchell, Samuel Black and House Bentley.
Cannonsburgh—at Emory's tavern; commissioners, C. Ritchie, Doct. S. Murdoch and John Watson.
Hickory—at Platt's tavern; commissioners, J. Platt, Doct. Carrel and maj. Rankin.
Middletown—at Buchanan's tavern; commissioners, John Buchanan, G. Stewart and D. Craig.
Washington—at M'Camant's tavern: commissioners, Thomas Acheson, Thos: Baird and Obadiah Jennings.
Brownsville—at Brashear's tavern; commissioners, Jacob Bowman, Basil Brashear and N. Gillaspie.
Uniontown—at Collins's tavern; commissioners, John Kennedy, Thomas Haddan and Th: Collins.
Patterson's Mills—at Col. Patterton's; commissioners, Thomas Patterson, W. Ray and William Vance.
Latta's tavern, in Wayne township; commissioners, Thomas Latta, Saml: M'Elroy and J. Huriord.
Reed's tavern—commissioners, D. Welch, M. Snyder and Wm: Watt.
Cadiz—at Pritchard's tavern; commissioners, John Maholm, W. B. Beebe and A. M'Feely.
Freeport—at Fry's tavern; commissioners, J. Cadwallader, Rhd. Price and J. Fry.
Cambridge—at Tingle's tavern, commissioners, Z. A. Beatty, J. R. Tingle and Jacob Gomber.
Zanesville—at Munson's tavern; commissioners, John Matthews, Samuel Herrick and J. Munson.
Newark—at Gort's tavern; commissioners, William Wilson, Alex: Holmes and Capt. Spencer.
Franklinton—at Broadrick's; commissioners, col. Culbertson, James Johnston and Joseph Foos.
Delaware—at Bixbee's; commissioners, Gen. Bixbee and Samuel Meeker.
Mount Vernon—at Wolf's; commissioners, J. Young, Nathan Miller and Anthony Benning.
Coshocton—at Johnston's tavern; commissioners, Col. C. Wilhams, W. Warner and Isaac Evans.
New Philadelphia—at Albert's tavern; commissioners, J. Galbraith, James Clark and C. Deardorff.
Canton—at Dewalt's tavern; commissioners, John Shorb, J. Sloan and Wm: Fogle.
Kendal—at Bowman's tavern; commissioners, T. Rotch, M. Folger and W. Henry.
At J. Wining's tavern—commissioners, Geo: Tedrow, J. Gantz and J. Winings.
New Salem—at Simmon's tavern; commissioners, John Wilson, Stephen Ford and H. Miser.
At Hales's tavern—commissioners, D. Sloan, J. Alexander and M. Easterday.

(*Attest*) BENJ: TAPPAN, *Sec'y.*

N. B. The articles of association may be seen by applying to the commissioners above mentioned.

STRAY MARE.

WAS delivered to the subscriber living in Wood street, Pittsburgh, on the 20th instant, a BAY MARE, about 12 years old, 15 and 1-2 hands high, shod all round. The owner is desired to come prove property, pay charges and take her away.

JOHN B. GRAY, *High Constable.*

April 27, 1815.

ISAAC BEAN & JAMES R. BUTLER,

Have entered into Partnership trading under the firm of

BEAN & BUTLER.

AND have provided themselves with a large Brick Warehouse, on *Front, between Market and Wood Streets*, Pittsburgh, well calculated for COMMISSION BUSINESS, where any Consignments or Orders will be thankfully received and strictly attended to.

April 22, 1815.

Ten Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY from the subscriber, on the 19th inst. a Negro Man, named *SOLOMON*, about 20 years of age; 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, and stout made; he took with a bottle green coattee, yellow mixed cloth coat, and a pair stockinett pantaloons. He is remarkable for a coarse and strong voice as well as insolent manners. It is supposed he went off in company with a Negro Man (a sailor) for New-York, and intends going to sea. Any person apprehending said runaway, and lodging him in Jail, shall receive the above reward, on giving me notice.

GEORGE SUTTON.

April 22, 1815.

N. B. All persons are forwarned harboring said Negro.

GRAIN.

ONE DOLLAR TWELVE & AN HALF CENTS per Bushel for WHEAT—FIFTY CENTS for RYE, given at the

PITTSBURGH STEAM MILL.

April 17, 1815.

100 Dollars Reward.

STOLEN,

ON the night of the 22d inst. from the Watch and Silversmith Shop, next door to the post-office, *the following property, viz:*

1 large Table Spoon, scolloped handle, made by John S. Heald, and ciphered J E. H
1 small Spy Glass silver plated slide and wrapt on the large end with small twisted silver wire.
5 or 6 silver desert spoons, plain, maker's stamp A. V.
1 plain Tea Spoon, ciphered G. with Z. A. Tannehill's mark.
Silver Thimbles and Pencil cases.
Also, a variety of Gold work, consisting of Gold Chain, Gold Wire, Ear and Finger Rings, Watch Seals, Hair Watch Chains gold mounted, and a variety of other articles not recollected.
1 double cased Silver Watch, capt, Norton, London, No. 6383.
1 Hunting Do. Do. G. Medcalf, New Gate, No. 15931.
1 double cased Do. Do. J. Edmonds, London, No. 358, or C. Whittingham.
1 single cased Do. Do. Due Terlin
1 double cased Do. Do. Henry Favre, London, No. 13.
1 Do Do. Do. James Woodgrove, London, No. 4839.
1 Do. Do. Do. J. Eastland, Liverpool, No. 7925.
1 Do. Do. Do. J. Bust, London, No. 6309.
1 Do. Gold Patent Lever Watch, Rt. Roskell, Liverpool, No. not recollected.
1 Do. Silver Watch, G. W. Barr, London, No. 35014.
1 Do. Do Do. H. Simpson, No. 308.
1 single cased Do. Do. Hoch a Liestel, No. 16427.
1 double cased Do. D. capt. George Colman, London, No. 2823.
1 single cased Gold Watch, name nor No. not recollected.
1 Do. Silver watch, No. 6582.

Besides a great many others, Nos. not recollected.

FIFTY DOLLARS reward will be given for the conviction of the Thief, or Thieves, or return of the property, and ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for both.

JOHN S. HEALD.
JAMES TROTH.

Pittsburgh, April 24, 1815.

Printers throughout the United States are requested to insert the above.

FOR SALE,

ONE THIRD OF THE

WILLIAMSPORT GLASS WORKS,

WHICH are in operation—Also, the Stock on hand, Ashes, Pearl Asb, Salt, Waggon and Horses, Tools, &c. Any person inclining to purchase will be shewn the property and the terms made known, by applying to

JOHN M'CLELLAND.

April 17, 1815.

Pot and Pearl Ashes.

WANTED, a quantity of POT and PEARL ASHES or BLACK SALTS.

Apply to

Bakewell, Page & Bakewell.

April 7, 1815.

For Sale or Rent,

THE BUILDINGS and LOTS of GROUND at the corner of Diamond alley and Liberty street, occupied by the subscriber as a woolen factory.

The front of the Lots affords an eligible situation for building on Liberty street.

ALSO—FOR SALE, one WOOL CARDING MACHINE, a Billy and Jenny.

GEO: COCHRAN, *of Rh'd.*

April 24, 1815.

PITTSBURGH, MAY 5, 1815.

POSTSCRIPT.

The following highly Important Intelligence, was received by the mail of this day:

Revolution in France.

PHILADELPHIA, *April 27.*

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in New York, to David Parish, Esq. of this city.

New York, 26th April, 1815, 7 o'clock—afternoon.

The schooner Sine Qua Non, captain Pond, has just arrived in 29 days from Bordeaux, with Paris papers to the 23d of March.

Bonaparte landed at Frejus, in France, with 600 men, was joined by Berthier with 25,000, marched to Paris, where he arrived on the 20th of March. The Royal Family quit that city on the night of the 19th—one account says they retired to Belgium, the other to England.

The Moniteur of the 23d March contains Bonaparte's proclamation announcing his restoration and ordering a sequestration of all British property. Another account says he had declared war against England and marched troops to Belgium—He has re-appointed all his old officers.

Talleyrand had quitted Paris and gone to England.

Soult, the Minister at War, is said to have planned this revolution.

BARR IRON.

The subscriber has now on hand, and intends keeping, a general assortment of

JUNIATA & CENTRE COUNTY

BARR IRON,

which he will sell on reasonable terms for Cash. Waggoners and blacksmiths may be supplied with all kinds of waggon tire, drawn for that purpose. He likewise keeps an assortment of the best waggon boxes.

WILLIAM LACKEY.

Pittsburgh, February 3, 1814. tf

TO BE SOLD OR RENTED,

A LOT in the Borough of Pittsburgh, situate on the corner of the Diamond and Union Street, and having two commodious Dwelling Houses erected thereon.—Possession of the Brick Dwelling House will be given immediately. For terms apply to

SAMUEL DOUGLASS

Pittsburgh, February 15, 1815. tf

Doctor CHISHOLMS,

Anti-Bilious Pills,

OF A QUALITY

Superior to any thing of the kind ever offered as a

GENERAL MEDICINE,

IN THIS COUNTRY,

Now prepared from a recipe of the celebrated *Dr. Chisholm*, who, from a long residence in the West-India islands, has been enabled to favor the world with the most complete history, and most approved methods of curing all the BILIOUS DISEASES of those warm climates

This extraordinary medicine, which now for the first time is finding its way into general practice, has properties in the highest degree superior to the mercurial nostrums so frequently recommended by the name of Anti-Bilious Pills. The extraordinary powers of this medicine as a solvent and evacuant of bile, is without example; never producing debility, or injuring the health, in the smallest degree, of the most delicate child, or weakly female.

The BILIOUS HEAD-ACHE, so much complained of in this country, and in the neighbourhood of rivers, is often removed by a single dose, which, to a strong man, is only five pills, and to a weakly woman, three. The same dose will generally remove the most excrutiating pains of the cholic, like a charm, by abusing the bile to pass downwards in the course of an hour or two.

Two or three Pills taken an hour before dinner, and repeated every third day, will effectually remove those diseases arising from flatulency and indigestion, and by persevering in the use of them for a considerable time, the appetite will be improved, and strength and vigor will return.

Two Pills taken at bed time, with a cup of penny-royal tea, and repeated every second night, will effectually remove *Rheumatic pains*, wherever seated.

A single Pill, taken every fourth hour with a cup of flax-seed tea, will cure *Pleurisy*, promote expectoration, and relieve coughs and colds.

In CONSUMPTIVE CASES and *diseases of the liver*, no medicine ever yet discovered, has been known to perform such cures. Two Pills, taken every third morning, will be found sufficient, unless costiveness prevails; in which case, the dose may be increased according to the strength or constitution.

The *Dysentery*, *Croup*, and *Summer Complaint* on children, are soon relieved by a few doses. A single Pill to a child of 6 years old, and the dose increased according to their strength and age.

In *Asthmatic* or *Phthisical* cases, where the laborious breathing and great oppression, with faintings, are fast sinking the patient to the brink of the grave, a few Pills, taking one every hour, with fennel or pepper-mint tea, will often enable the patient to walk about in a few hours.

The above valuable Medicine is Sold ONLY in Pittsburgh, by

J. P. & J. W. Skelton,

At their Wholesale and Retail Apothecary and Drug Store.

February 1814.

tfq

PITTSBURGH POTTERY.

Trotter & Co.

HAVING established their Manufactory of QUEENSWARE, in Pittsburgh, and now commenced fabricating wares similar to those of the Potteries in Philadelphia, take this opportunity to inform the public, that they are ready to execute such orders for those who may have the goodness to favour them, at their Pottery, corner of Seventh and Grant Streets, or to ANTHONY BEELEN & Co. or RICHARD BOWEN & Co. where specimens of the Ware may be seen.

List of Articles at present Manufacturing.

Wash-hand basons,	Coffee Pots,
Ewers,	Tea Pots,
Chambers,	Coffee Cups,
Dutch Jugs,	Tea Cups,
Bowls,	Chocolates,
Mugs,	Sugar Basons,
Goblets,	Butter Tubs,
Pitchers,	Baking Dishes.

February 8, 1815. tf

VALUABLE LANDS FOR SALE.

THE following adjoining TRACTS of LAND, situate on Big Glade Run, on the west side of the Allegheny river, from 1 to 3 miles from the town of Kittanning, the seat of justice of Armstrong county, (Penn.) are offered for sale on moderate terms, viz:

No. 279—containing 201 7-10 acres, settled by Peter Bowser, since the year 1808; has about 10 acres cleared.

No. 281—containing 201 7-10 acres, settled by J. Campbell, since 1810; has 4 or 5 acres cleared.

No. 282—containing 201 7-10 acres, settled by M. Reed; has 25 acres cleared.

No. 290—containing 200 7-10 acres, settled by J. Bowser since 1803; has 12 acres cleared.

No. 291—containing 202 acres, settled by M. Starr since 1801; has 25 acres cleared.

No. 303—containing 287 7-10 acres, settled by Ph. Bist since 1810; has ten acres cleared.

No. 304—containing 251 7-10 acres, settled by P. Bisk since 1805; has 12 acres cleared.

No. 305—containing 211 7-10 acres, settled by G. Hall since 1798; has 35 acres cleared.

No. 306—containing 210 3-10 acres, settled by J. Bowser since 1803; has 30 acres cleared.

No. 307—containing 218 8-10 acres, settled by J. Schneider since 1810; has 18 acres cleared.

No. 308—containing 219 3-10 acres, settled by Peter Troy since 1802; has 30 acres cleared.

ALSO.

Four other adjoining Tracts, situate on Buffalo creek, on the line between Armstrong & Butler counties, about 30 miles from Pittsburgh, and near the town of Freeport.

No 153, containing 298 3-10 acres, settled by D. M'Cue since 1804; has 50 acres cleared.

No. 154, containing 298 3-10 acres, settled by Hugh Sweny since 1805; has 20 cres cleared

No. 155, containing 235 8-10 acres, settled by M Duffey; has fifteen acres cleared

No. 156, containing 235 8-10 acres; has 15 acres cleared.

Gentlemen of respectability, who are acquainted with these lands, pronounce them to be of the very first quality; situate on good streams of water, they afford several valuable scites for mills & other water works. These advantages, with their contiguity to the county town, and Allegheny river, and in the midst of rapidly improving settlements, afford strong inducements to *capitalists*, who may be disposed to vest their cash in productive and improving property.

The whole will be sold together, or either body separately, at the option of purchasers, on such terms as will insure a handsome speculation. The title is indisputable and warranted free from incumbrance of taxes, &c. Persons wishing to view the property can apply to either of the tenants. Drafts shewn and terms of sale made known on application to the subscriber, or to Mr. JOSEPH AUDIBERT, the owner, in Philadelphia.

JAMES M. RIDDLE, *Land Broker, Third, between Market & Wood streets.*

Pittsburgh, April 11, 1815. tfq

ALLEN AND GRANT,

OFFER FOR SALE AT REDUCED

PEACE PRICES,

20 bls. Loaf Sugar and

COFFEE.

25 Do. good green COFFEE
300 Do. prime NEW ORLEANS SUGAR
30 Bales do. do. COTTON
25 Barrels BLACK PEPPER
14 Do. SALTPETRE
5 Do. ALLUM
20 Do. RICE
12 Tubs GERMAN STEEL
6 Chests HYSON SKIN TEA
10 Boxes COTTON and WOOL CARDS
20 Do. Mens, Womens, and Childrens SHOES
400 Reams Chambersburgh PAPER
20 Grose PASTEBOARDS
36 Glaziers DIAMONDS
☞ 4 CASKS HARDWARE, well assorted
☞ 2 CASES BRITISH AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS

☞ *Will be sold very low in order to close Sales.*

Pittsburgh, 25 *March*, 1815. tf

WHOLESALE & RETAIL STORE.

ROBERT GETTY

Corner of Diamond and Market Street,

HAS now received a large and general assortment of *India*, *English*, *French* and *Domestic* DRY GOODS, which will be sold at the lowest prices, by piece or yard. Also, an extensive assortment of HARDWARE, CHINA and GROCERIES. TANNERS OIL, by the barrel or gallon.

COTTON YARN TWIST AND FILLING.

He will also be supplied with the above article at the Philadelphia prices and carriage from No. 3 to 50. Orders from manufacturers and country merchants will be executed on the best terms

Pittsburgh, Jan. 1st, 1815. *tfq*

Brush Manufactory.

GEORGE BEALE,

OF PHILADELPHIA,

BRUSHMAKER,

RESPECTFULLY informs the public that he has commenced a branch of his business, in Wood Street, between Third and Fourth Streets, PITTSBURGH. As he intend carying on the business extensively, he will be able to supply the orders of Merchants and others, to any amount, *at the Philadelphia prices, without carriage.* From his long experience in the business, and having the best workmen employed, he can furnish

BRUSHES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

of a superior quality, and on such terms as will prove advantageous to purchasers. In addition to his stock of Brushes, he has on hand,

A quantity of RUSSIA BRISTLES for Sale.

The highest price given for

HOGS BRISTLES AND *COLTS TAILS.*

Pittsburgh, May 4, 1814.

1yq.

TO BE LET,

ON PERPETUAL LEASE,

Nine Lots of Ground,

Fronting on Smithfield Street. For particulars apply to GEORGE MILTENBERGER.

Pittsburgh, December 20, 1814.

PITTSBURGH WIRE MANUFACTORY.

The subscriber has on hand, and offers

FOR SALE.

AT THE PHILADELPHIA PRICES,

WITH the addition of carriage, an assortment of *WIRE*, made of the Juniata iron, from No. 1 to No. 24, inclusive. Any higher number made agreeable to order. He hopes that the manufacturers and merchants of the western country, will give him a portion of their custom, to support a new and large establishment.

Square inch iron, will be rolled down for smiths and other mechanics, at the following prices, viz:

To 7-8 one dol. per cwt.

6-8	two	do	do	do
5-8	three	do	do	do
4-8	four	do	do	do
3-8	five	do	do	do

WM. EICHBAUM.

March 23, 1814

WESTERN EAGLE LEAD FACTORY.

TREVOR, PETTIGREW AND TROOST, having their Lead Factory now in complete operation, offer for Sale at the Drug and Chemical Warehouse of Speakman, Say & Co. and the Glass Warehouse of Trevor & Encell,

WHITE LEAD, dry and ground in Oil,
RED LEAD, and
LITHARGE, all of the very first quality, at the lowest Pittsburgh prices, and for much less than they can be purchased and brought from Philadelphia or Baltimore.

Certificates for the above articles might be readily *obtained*, but as the proprietors are satisfied, that their manufactured Leads want no other recommendation than a trial, they rest their claims to patronage on its result—They will only add, that *their* White Lead is *warranted unadulterated* by the slightest mixture of *whiting*, and that *their* kegs will be found to hold 28lbs to the quarter hundred weight.

Every Keg is branded

TREVOR, PETTIGREW & TROOST.

PITTSBURGH.

*** Orders for the above articles will be received by SPEAKMAN, SAY & Co. TREVOR & ENCELL, and the different COMMISSION MERCHANTS of the place.

Pittsburgh, January 9, 1815.

☞ LOOK HERE!

I WISH TO LET, on Improving Leases, FIVE TRACTS OF UNIMPROVED LAND, of from two to three hundred acres each, situate in Allegheny county, from 10 to 14 miles distant from Pittsburgh.

For terms, apply to

JAMES GRAY,

corner of Liberty and Front Streets.

Pittsburgh, March 1, 1815. tf.

N. B. *I request all persons indebted to me to make immediate payment, and those having demands against me, will please present them and receive payment.* J. G.

FOR SALE OR LEASE,

Sixteen Lots of Ground,

fronting on Smithfield Street, between Front and Second Streets, and Diamond Alley and Fifth Streets. Apply to

JOHN THAW,
DAVID PRIDE.

Pittsburgh, February 3, 1815. tf

N. B. A HOUSE at the corner of Smithfield and Front Streets, to Let.

NEW STORE.

WAY & BLAINE,

Have just received at their Store in Market Street between Second and Third Streets,

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

GOODS,

which they offer for Sale at the lowest prices.

Pittsburgh, January 9, 1815. tf

TO BE RENTED,

A large commodious and elegant three story

Brick Warehouse,

adjoining Messrs. G. & C. Anshutz, and now in the possession of Brown & Porter.

J. P. & J. W. SKELTON.

Pittsburgh, February 15, 1815. tf

Speakman & Say,

OF PHILADELPHIA,

DRUGGISTS.

Having established a *Drug & Chemical Warehouse* in Pittsburgh, & taken SAMUEL PETTIGREW into partnership in that concern. The business there will be conducted under the firm of

Speakman, Say & Co.

In Market Street, the third door from Front Street,

Where, by receiving in bulk, as well as manufacturing articles as the place will admit of, they hope to be able to sell at the lowest Philadelphia prices, with the addition of carriage expenses, ONLY.

☞ *They now offer for sale, an assortment of* DRUGS, *PATENT MEDICINES, PAINTS, &c. for* CASH, PRODUCE, *or at the usual credit.*

May 30, 1813 tfq

Farmers and Millers,

ARE hereby informed that the subscribers have established at the Pittsburgh Steam Mill, a COMMISSION STORE, intended for general business, but particularly for the PURCHASE AND SALE of FLOUR AND GRAIN. The superior advantages which this establishment gives in the Flour and Grain trade must be evident. In order that the farmer may avail himself of the proper season, and good opportunities to bring in wheat, the mill is offered as a Store-House free of charge for 6 months after delivery. It will then be in his power to order it to be ground and sold as it may suit and not be subject to the losses generally sustained by grinding out in the fall and spring.

Business will be transacted on such terms as to interest the Public.

GEO EVANS & CO.

Pittsburgh Steam Mill,
March 7, 1815.

N-B. WHEAT, RYE, and CORN, purchased as usual.

☞ *The Editors of the "Spectator," Union Town, and "Reporter," Washington, (Pa.) the "Herald," Steubenville, (O.) and "Gazette," Charleston, (Va.) are requested to give the above 3 insertions and send their bills to* G. E. & Co.

Mineral Waters.

THE subscribers respectfully inform the public, that they have commenced making SODA and SELTZER WATERS, for the season, and having been at considerable expence in procuring ice, they flatter themselves they will meet with that encouragement due to the establishment. The qualities of these waters are so well known that it is scarcely necessary to enumerate them. It must be observed, however, that they are recommended by the most eminent physicians in this country, in all cases of debility: they particularly tend to strengthen the stomach, promote appetite and digestion; as an agreeable and pleasant drink they are unequalled; their exhilirating qualities being such as to supercede the necessity of spiritous liquors; they are therefore particularly suited to females whose delicate constitutions require a moderate stimulous without impairing health. The Soda Water operates as a mild cathartic, and is peculiarly suited to persons of costive habits. The price of tickets is 50 cents per dozen being the same as in Philadelphia and New York; each ticket entitles the bearer to a half pint tumbler of water. Persons residing at a distance can have it put up in bottles.

AVERY & VAN ZANDT,

Wood between Front & Second Streets.

April 15, 1815.

We, the subscribers, having examined the Mineral Waters prepared by Messrs. *Avery & Van Zandt*, are of opinion that they are equal in quality to any made in the U. States, and therefore recommend them to the public, in all cases above described.

GEORGE STEVENSON,
MORRILL PARKER,
JOEL LEWIS.

ARMY BLANKS,

Printed in the neatest manner, and on the shortest notice at this office.

COLUMBIAN STEAM ENGINES.

THE PITTSBURGH STEAM ENGINE COMPANY,

BEG leave to inform their friends and the public generally, that their establishment is now in complete operation and consists of

STEAM ENGINE FACTORY.

For furnishing steam engines on Oliver Evans's construction, which daily experience is proving to be the cheapest and most powerful.

AN AIR FOUNDERY.

On an extensive scale capable of furnishing castings of any description, fitted particularly adapted to machinery &c.

An ANVIL and ANCHOR Forge,

Capable of furnishing anvils and anchors of the largest size.

A BRASS FOUNDERY

Calculated for general castings, but particularly for machinery and large boiler, which will be warranted of the first quality.

A BUTT-HINGE Factory,

Will also shortly be in operation, on a scale sufficiently large to supply any demand. It is also intended to supply small castings annealed.

A PATTERN MAKERS SHOP and BORING & TURNERS SHOP,

The lathes are driven by the force of steam; and all orders in the different branches of turning *Iron, Brass, &c.* will be executed with despatch.

They also carry on the business of

SCREW MAKING,

And are prepared to furnish Rolling and Slitting mill, Paper mill, Fullers, Forge co. and Mill stone Screws, &c.

The *Pittsburgh Steam Engine Company* flatter themselves that the nature and extent of their establishment will enable them to furnish any article in the mechanical line particularly to order, and as favorable terms as any establishment in the state.

They have on hand A STEAM ENGINE, sufficiently powerful to grind from 20 to 25 bushels of wheat per hour in the best manner. Also, a number of Paper mill, Fullers and Mill screws, and Sugar mill apparatus.

March 1, 1815, tfq

FRESH & SEASONABLE GOODS

CONSISTING of London Black, Navy Blue, Bottle Green and Mix'd Superfine and fine Broad Cloths
Plain and corded Cassimers—superfine blue stocking Webb
Cassmetts, velvet Cords and Velvets
Blue, lead and bottle green superfine Pelisse cloths
Kersey mole skins and coatings
Swansdown, toilenett, mole skin & silk Jacket Patterns
Worsted, silk and cotton Ho-erey
Superfine and fine white, yellow and red Flannels
7-4, 9-4, 10-4 and 12-4 rose Blankets
Superfine Cahcoes—cambric & jacquet Muslins
Black, blue, green & bottle green Bombazetts
Spotted, stripe and plain sarsenets and book Muslins
Linen, cambrics, Irish linens, English sheeting &c.
Ladies long and short kid, beaver and silk Gloves
Linen and cotton laces
6-4, 7-4 and 8-4 levant ne, damask and cotton shawls
Levantine, double florence, and sewing silk handsomely assorted
Ladies Kid, Morocco, cordivan and calfskin shoes, boots and slippers.
Mens and boys fine and coarse shoes,
Gilt and mahogany frame looking and dressing glasses

And a variety of other articles too tedious to mention, which they intend selling on the most moderate terms.

JOHN & JAMES BROWN.

Pittsburgh, October 4th, 1814.

JOSEPH DAVIS & CO.

Respectfully inform their Friends and the Public, that they have received and now for delivery, the

AMERICAN STANDARD

Of Orthography and Pronunciation

AND IMPROVED

DICTIONARY

OF THE

ENGLISH LANGUAGE.

CONTAINING, all the words in general use, with their significations explained, and the sound of each clearly expressed: among which are several hundred terms, that have been omitted by the best lexicographers, a variety of the technical terms of Arts, Law, Commerce, Arts, and Sciences, interspersed with critical and philological observations. Compiled under the direction of sundry literary characters and gentlemen of the United States of America.

March 1, 1815.

MERCHANTS, DRUGGISTS,

WHITE LEAD.

THE subscriber informs his Correspondents and other dealers in WHITE LEAD, that he has made an arrangement by which he receives from the "*Pittsburgh Lead Factory*," (J. S. Stevenson) a constant supply of White Lead, both Dry and ground in Oil, which he will sell on the most reasonable terms. The reputation of this Factory is perfectly established, and the Lead shall be warranted equal to any manufactured in the United States. The present price is $ 2 per cwt. and will be always as low, if not lower, than any sold in this place.

WILLIAM ROBINSON, Jr.

corner of Wood and Water Streets.

Pittsburgh, March 30, 1815